THE FOUR STAGES OF A SUCCESSFUL LAW FIRM MERGER

John S. Smock, President
John W. Sterling, Vice President

This monograph presents Smock Management Consultants’ suggested law firm merger process – the four stages of a successful law firm merger. It includes an introduction, the process itself, and our recommendations for implementing this process and dealing with the continuing merger environment.

INTRODUCTION

As all law firm managers know, the legal marketplace is in the midst of a “merger frenzy.” Even the present economic slowdown and the impact of that slowdown – which is slowly starting to “seep in” to law firms – has not abated this frenzy (as the overall economy did to a similar merger frenzy ten to twelve years ago).

• In truth, this merger frenzy appears to be much more strategic than the prior one in the late 1980s.
  - Firms have recognized that achieving what they believe to be their stated direction often calls for a major combination of two or more firms. Law firm mergers can be a unique, effective, and low cost way to achieve profitable growth.
  - The reasons for many of today’s mergers are much more strategically legitimate and fueled by the external marketplace (i.e. – economic pressures, client needs, and competitor moves) rather than merely a desire for growth for growth’s sake.
  - Mergers themselves are being accomplished much more effectively. In most cases, the quality of the target identification, synergy identification, negotiations, due diligence, and integration is considerably better.

• But, that does not mean that merger efforts and the process could not be improved – they can and must be. In spite of this surge in discussion activity and the resulting serious negotiations, very few law firm merger discussions are ever successfully consummated. The success rate is probably somewhere between 5% and 20% of the mergers discussed and we lean to the low side of that estimate.

• We find that there are two overriding obstacles hindering the ability of law firms to successful complete mergers.
  - First, mergers negotiations are taking an inordinately long time to complete. What takes just a few weeks or, at the most, a few months in industry takes much more time in law firms. It is not uncommon for one firm to talk to another firm for well over a year and then decide to not go further. Each step is dependent on successfully completing the one before it and there is usually no allowance for contingencies or a reasonable timetable.
  - Secondly, most merger discussions never ever get around to discussing what the overall strategic direction or vision of the new firm should or will be. So, most merger discussions are focused on what the firms presently do, not what they can do.

We believe there is a simple and straightforward answer to these two (and other common) hurdles to success – a structured process for considering and carrying out a merger.

OUR SUGGESTED PROCESS – THE FOUR STAGES OF A SUCCESSFUL LAW FIRM MERGER

Our suggested process divides merger activity into four distinct stages. We have analogized these four stages to perhaps the most important and complex human relationship – marriage divided into dating, courtship, the wedding, and the marriage. Within each of those stages are a series of tasks that can be defined, scheduled, and managed.
THE PROCESS ITSELF – THE FOUR STAGES

Stage I – Identification and Preliminary Discussions (Dating)

The first stage requires that the firm have a well thought out firm direction, vision, and strategic plan – so that it can agree on merger partner criteria, set a process for merger consideration (and publicize it within the partnership), identify targets, develop a short list, and contact targeted merger candidates.

Stage II – Detailed Discussions and New Firm Concept Development (Courship)

The second stage, we believe, is the most critical and the one that has been historically the most difficult for firms to get beyond. Beginning with a stated mutual interest, it requires that a process and schedule be established in agreement with the other firm or firms, that the firms identify (and manage) those tough issues or obstacles that may be deal breakers and, very importantly, that synergies are identified and quantified. These activities are documented in a prospectus and initial financial projections. The final step of the second stage is to take the prospectus and projections to the firms’ partners to gain their “conditional” approval.

Stage III – Detailed Due Diligence and Final Approval/Closing – The Wedding

The presumption – in our process – is that by the time a merger gets to Stage III, there are very few reasons to derail it. However, it is important (and prudent) that detailed due diligence be accomplished (both financial and strategic) and that a detailed integration plan be developed prior to formal approval.

Stage IV – Integration (Marriage)

This final stage is where many high potential mergers are tripped up and become labeled as “failures.” Very importantly, integration has to be well planned and that plan must be carried out with religious fervor (no excuses or exceptions) to achieve full integration on the first day of “new firm.”

Timing

Our suggested merger process envisions an elapsed time of five months – from the time there is contact with the merger target until a formal approval and close.

SMOCK MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS’ RECOMMENDATIONS

There are a number of common recommendations that we would make in concert with our suggested process.

• Establish and agree to a firmwide strategic direction that serves as a filter for fielding merger inquiries and for developing an active merger strategy. It is virtually impossible to decide whether or not a specific merger is right for a firm, unless a strategic direction has been set and agreed to.

• Be an active participant in the merger process. Most firms have a desire to be in control of their own situation, but are very passive in merger discussions (i.e. – they wait for others to call them). We suggest that you actively consider targets and when appropriate, you contact them.

• Talk to everyone who calls. Our advice to our clients has always been to take all reasonable calls (whether you are interested in merging or not), as you will learn more from any conversation than you give out and solid, real time market intelligence is a rare commodity in a law firm.

• Tailor this four stage process to the needs of the firm. By definition, it is more generic than specific. Some aspects of the process may not fit a firm’s culture or management style or the specifics of a given merger opportunity.

• Limit initial merger discussions to a small ad hoc group, but manage it at the firm level. These things take considerable time and effort. The “filtering” process needs to be done by a smaller group than is usually the case.

• After you establish mutual interest (at the beginning of Stage II – courtship), get on with it. Establish a schedule, name responsible partners, and monitor the process. Slippage is remarkably easy and detrimental to the interest of all potential merger partners.
THE FOUR STAGES OF A SUCCESSFUL LAW FIRM MERGER

Stage I – Identification and Preliminary Discussions (Dating)

- Develop and Agree on Merger Partner Criteria
  - What are the aspirations of potential partner(s)?
  - Legal services, geographic location, client base, culture, partner income and other aspects
  - Identify the financial, technical and human capital needs
  - Criteria process – what is most important and why?

- Agree on Strategic Reasons for Merger(s)
  - Requires a well thought out business, vision and strategic plan
  - Just as important, well thought out practice plan
  - Assessing growth as a criterion

- Identify Targets and Develop Short Lists
  - Application of criteria at the firm and practice levels
  - Through primary and secondary research – identification of target(s)
  - Evaluate the potential internal and external information
  - Development of initial short list

- Set Firm Process for Merger Consideration
  - Who identifies? Contacts? Decides?
  - Business development department or a well thought out practice plan agreed to by firm administrators

Stage II – Detailed Discussions and New Firm Concept Development (Courtship)

- Identify Firm and/or Practice Issues/Obligations
  - Discussion of issues that may arise during the process
  - Practice and attorneys, client base, culture, finances, etc.

- Establish Mutual Interest
  - Agreement that there is potential mutual benefit and synergies - could be a winner
  - Preparation of a draft agreement
  - Review of the agreement and scheduling of meetings

- Agree in Principle Among Prime Negotiators
  - Key decision point – is it in everyone's best interest to continue the process?
  - Based on understanding, the best time to inform the partners of merger discussions

- Develop Pro Forma Financial Plan
  - Key financial statement, cash flow, balance sheet
  - First year income statement, cash flow, and balance sheet
  - Agreement on the assumptions for the first year

Stage III – Detailed Due Diligence and Final Approval/Closing (Wedding)

- Identify and Document Synergies
  - Probably the most critical step of the stage
  - What will be required to achieve the goals?

- Develop Prospectus
  - A very important step to a successful merger
  - Lays out the specific details of the firm

- Conduct Financial Due Diligence
  - Detailed financial analysis of each firm – revenues, expenses, balance sheets, client base, culture, etc.

- Take It to the Partners
  - Key decision point – is it in the best interest of the firm?

- Conduct Strategic Due Diligence
  - Details behind the merger – why they need it
  - Potential synergies – assess

- Address Continuing Issues/Problems
  - Identified in the due diligence stage

- Develop Continuing Integration Plan
  - Very important step

- Integrate
  - Agrees to integration plan
  - Details Integration steps for all elements of the firm – governance, management, practices, etc.

Stage IV – Integration (Marriage)

- Receive Final/Formal Approval and Close

- Report on Due Diligence and Revise Prospectus
  - Results of detailed due diligence and what it means for the new firm

- Develop Detailed Integration Plan

- Very important step

- Study the joint venture

- Closings

Preliminary Activities Not Scheduled

- Datum (clock begins ticking)
- + One Month
- + Two Months
- + Three Months
- + Three Months
- + Four Months
- + Five Months
- + Five Months and Continuing

SMOCK•STERLING